

## PIANO GRADES: requirements and information

*This section provides a summary of the most important points that teachers and candidates need to know when taking ABRSM graded Piano exams. Further details, as well as administrative information relating to the exams, are given in ABRSM's Information & Regulations (available at [www.abrsm.org/regulations](http://www.abrsm.org/regulations)) which should be read before an exam booking is made.*

### Entering for an exam

**Eligibility:** There are eight grades for Piano and candidates may be entered for any grade irrespective of age and without previously having taken any other grade in Piano. Candidates for a Grade 6, 7 or 8 exam must already have passed ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or a solo Jazz instrument; for full details, including a list of accepted alternatives, see Regulation 1d at [www.abrsm.org/regulations](http://www.abrsm.org/regulations).

**Access:** ABRSM endeavours to make its exams as accessible as possible to all candidates, regardless of sensory impairments, learning difficulties or particular physical needs. There is a range of alternative tests and formats as well as sets of guidelines for candidates with particular access needs (see [www.abrsm.org/specificneeds](http://www.abrsm.org/specificneeds)). Where a candidate's needs are not covered by the guidelines, each case is considered on an individual basis. Further information is available from the Access Co-ordinator ([accesscoordinator@abrsm.ac.uk](mailto:accesscoordinator@abrsm.ac.uk)).

**Exam booking:** Details of exam dates, locations, fees and how to book an exam are available online at [www.abrsm.org/exambooking](http://www.abrsm.org/exambooking).

### Instruments

ABRSM Centres provide a piano suitable for exam purposes. The piano will be upright or grand. Practice before the exam cannot be arranged, but examiners will recognize that the instrument may be one to which candidates are unaccustomed. When exams are held at Visits (i.e. premises provided by the Applicant and visited by the examiner), a suitable piano must be provided. A digital piano may be used, provided it has a clearly recognizable piano tone, a touch-sensitive keyboard with full-size weighted keys, and an action, compass and facilities that match those of a conventional acoustic piano, including a sustaining pedal.

### Elements of the exam

All ABRSM graded Piano exams comprise the following elements: three Pieces; Scales and arpeggios/broken chords; Sight-reading; and Aural tests. In all grades, marks are allocated as follows:

Pieces: 1	30
2	30
3	30
Scales and arpeggios/broken chords	21
Sight-reading	21
Aural tests	18
Total	150

**Marking scheme:** 100 marks are required for a Pass, 120 for a Merit and 130 for a Distinction. A Pass in each individual section is not required to pass overall. See pp. 40–41 for the marking criteria used by examiners.

## **Pieces**

**Programme planning:** Candidates must choose one piece from each of the three lists (A, B and C) in each grade. In the exam, they should inform the examiner which pieces they are performing, and they are welcome to use the form on pp. 43/45 for this purpose.

**Exam music & editions:** Wherever the syllabus includes an arrangement or transcription, the edition listed in the syllabus must be used in the exam; in all such cases the abbreviation ‘arr.’ or ‘trans.’ appears in the syllabus entry. For all other pieces, the editions quoted in the syllabus are given for guidance only and candidates may use any edition of their choice (in- or out-of-print or downloadable). Information on obtaining exam music is given on p. 12.

**Interpreting the score:** Printed editorial suggestions such as fingering, metronome marks, realization of ornaments etc. need not be strictly observed. Whether the piece contains musical indications or not, candidates are always encouraged to interpret the score in a stylistically appropriate manner. Ultimately, examiners’ marking will be determined by consideration of pitch, time, tone, shape and performance, and how control of these contributes to the overall musical outcome.

**Pedalling:** The use and control of pedalling, and its effect on tone and shape, will be taken into account by examiners, who will be assessing the overall musical outcome rather than the strict observance of any printed pedal indications (which may therefore be adapted or omitted, as appropriate). Pieces whose full musical effect is heavily reliant on pedalling (whether marked in the music or not) should be avoided if appropriate pedalling cannot be managed.

**Hand stretch:** Candidates should choose the most suitable pieces for their hand size from the syllabus lists. If necessary, they may occasionally adapt the music by ‘spreading’ chords or omitting notes at wide stretches, provided the result is musically satisfactory.

**Repeats:** All da capo and dal segno indications should be observed but all other repeats (including first-time bars) should be omitted unless they are very brief (i.e. of a few bars) or unless the syllabus specifies otherwise.

**Performing from memory:** Candidates are free to perform any of their pieces from memory; in such cases they must ensure that a copy of the music is available for the examiner to refer to if necessary. No additional marks are awarded for playing from memory.

**Page-turns:** Examiners will be understanding if a page-turn causes a lack of continuity during a piece, and this will not affect the marking. A variety of solutions for awkward page-turns exists, including the use of an additional copy of the music or a photocopy of a section of the piece (but see ‘Photocopies’ on p. 10). In cases where candidates believe there is no solution to a particularly awkward page-turn, they may apply to bring a page-turner to the exam. The request must be made to [syllabus@abrsm.ac.uk](mailto:syllabus@abrsm.ac.uk) no later than the closing date for entry, and details of the piece, edition and nature of the difficulty should be given. If permission is granted, a confirmation letter will be issued which must be taken to the exam as verification. Examiners are unable to help with page-turning.

**Photocopies:** Performing from unauthorized photocopies (or other kinds of copies) of copyright editions is not allowed. ABRSM may withhold the exam result where it has evidence of an illegal copy (or copies) being used. In the UK, copies may be used in certain limited circumstances – for full details, see the MPA’s *Code of Fair Practice* at [www.mpaonline.org.uk](http://www.mpaonline.org.uk). In all other cases, application should be made to the copyright holder before any copy is made, and evidence of permission received should be brought to the exam.

## Scales and arpeggios/broken chords

Examiners will usually ask for at least one of each type of scale/arpeggio/broken chord etc. required at each grade, as well as aiming to hear, in Grades 6–8, a balance of the specified articulations. When asking for requirements, examiners will specify only:

- the key (including minor form – harmonic *or* melodic – in the Grade 6–8 scales) or the starting note
- left hand *or* right hand, *or* hands together
- the articulation (Grades 6–8)

All scales, arpeggios and broken chords should:

- be played from memory
- ascend and descend according to the specified range (and pattern)
- be prepared legato, unless the syllabus specifies staccato (or both)
- be played without pedalling
- be played without undue accentuation and at a pace that is consistent with accuracy and distinctness

Candidates are free to use any fingering that produces a successful musical outcome.

The following speeds are given as a general guide:

	Grade / Speed*							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Scales</b> (incl. contrary-motion, chromatic & whole-tone)	♩ = 60	♩ = 66	♩ = 80	♩ = 52	♩ = 63	♩ = 76	♩ = 80	♩ = 88
<b>Arpeggios</b> (incl. broken chords, dom. & dim. 7ths)	♩ = 46	♩ = 63	♩ = 69	♩ = 76	♩ = 88	♩ = 50	♩ = 56	♩ = 66
<b>Scales in 3rds</b>						♩ = 52	♩ = 46	♩ = 52
<b>Scales a 3rd apart</b>							♩ = 60	♩ = 63
<b>Scales in 6ths / a 6th apart</b>							♩ = 52	♩ = 63
<b>Chromatic scales a minor 3rd apart</b>								♩ = 76
<b>Chromatic scale in minor 3rds</b>								♩ = 52

\* All speeds relate to the rhythmic grouping  $\text{♩} \text{♩} \text{♩}$ , *except* for broken chords in Grade 1, where  $\text{♩} \text{♩}$  applies.

Candidates are free to start at any octave, provided the required ranges are covered. For all 'hands together' requirements, the hands should be one octave apart, unless otherwise indicated.

Arpeggios and dominant sevenths are required in root position only, except where otherwise indicated. Scales in thirds or a third apart should begin with the tonic as the lower note, while scales in sixths or a sixth apart should begin with the tonic as the upper note.

Books of scale requirements are published for Piano by ABRSM for each grade.

## Sight-reading

Candidates will be asked to play a short unaccompanied piece of music which they have not previously seen. They will be given up to half a minute in which to look through and, if they wish, try out all or any part of the test before they are required to play it for assessment. The table below shows the introduction of elements at each grade. Please note that these parameters are presented cumulatively, i.e. once introduced they apply for all subsequent grades (albeit within a logical progression of difficulty).

Grade	Length (bars)	Time	Keys	Hand position	Other features that may be included
1	4	4/4 3/4	C, G, F majors A, D minors	Each hand: • playing separately • in 5-finger position	Simple: • dynamics • note values • articulations Occasional accidentals (within minor keys only)
	6	2/4			
2			D major E, G minors	Hands playing together	• dotted notes • tied notes
3	up to 8	3/8	A, B $\flat$ , E $\flat$ majors B minor	Hands playing outside 5-finger position	• 2-note chords in either hand
4	c. 8	6/8			• anacrusis • chromatic notes • pause signs • tenuto
5	c. 8-12		E, A $\flat$ majors F $\sharp$ , C minors		• 4-part chords (2 notes max. in either hand) • simple syncopation • slowing of tempo at end
6	c. 12-16	9/8 5/8 5/4	C $\sharp$ , F minors		• triplet rhythms • clef changes • use of right pedal
7	c. 16-20	7/8 7/4			• tempo changes • 8va sign • use of una corda pedal
8	c. 1 page	12/8	B, D $\flat$ majors		• 3-part chords in either hand • spread chords • simple ornaments

For practice purposes, books of specimen sight-reading tests are published for Piano by ABRSM for each grade.

## **Aural tests**

The requirements are the same for all subjects. Full details of the Aural tests are given on pp. 28–33.

## **In the exam**

**Examiners:** Generally, there will be one examiner in the exam room; however, for training and quality assurance purposes, a second examiner may sometimes be present. Examiners may ask to look at the music before or after the performance of a piece. They may also decide to stop the performance of a piece when they have heard enough to form a judgment. Examiners will not issue, or comment on, a candidate's result; instead, the mark form (and certificate for successful candidates) will be issued by ABRSM after the exam.

**Before beginning:** Candidates are welcome to adjust the piano stool height (the examiner will help with this if necessary) and to play a few notes to try out and get used to the piano.

**Order of the exam:** The individual sections of the exam may be undertaken in any order, at the candidate's choice.

## **Assessment**

The tables on pp. 40–41 show the marking criteria used by examiners. These criteria (newly revised and amended) have been in use in exams from January 2014. In each element of the exam, ABRSM operates the principle of marking from the required pass mark positively or negatively, rather than awarding marks by deduction from the maximum or addition from zero. In awarding marks, examiners balance the extent to which the qualities and skills listed on pp. 40–41 (broadly categorized by pitch, time, tone, shape and performance) are demonstrated and contribute towards the overall musical outcome.

## **Obtaining exam music**

Exam music is available from music retailers as well as online, including at the ABRSM music shop: [www.abrsm.org/shop](http://www.abrsm.org/shop). Every effort has been made to ensure that all the publications listed will remain available for the duration of the syllabus. Candidates are advised to obtain their music well in advance of the exam in case of any delays with items not kept in stock by retailers. Apart from queries relating to exams, all enquiries about the music (e.g. editorial, availability) should be addressed to the relevant publisher: contact details are listed at [www.abrsm.org/publishers](http://www.abrsm.org/publishers).

## GRADE 1

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 J. C. Bach	Aria in F, BWV Anh. II 131	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	2 Anon.	Canaries, arr. Watts	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	3 Verdi	La donna è mobile (from <i>Rigoletto</i> ), arr. Litten	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	4 S. Arnold	Giga (3rd movt from <i>Lesson in C</i> , Op.12 No.2)	Encore, Book 1 (ABRSM)
	5 Beethoven	Air (from <i>Little Russia</i> , Op.107 No.3)	The Best of Grade 1 Piano (Faber)
	6 Gillock	A Stately Sarabande	Classic Piano Repertoire – William Gillock (Elementary) (Willis)
<b>B</b>	1 Joan Last	Bouncing Billy (from <i>Take Your Pick</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	2 Bryan Kelly	Gypsy Song (No.6 from <i>A Baker's Dozen</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	3 Trad. French	Dans la forêt lointaine, arr. Davies	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	4 Gurlitt	Jagdstückchen (No.7 from <i>Der erste Vortrag</i> , Op.210)	Gurlitt: Der erste Vortrag, Op.210 (Schott) <i>or</i> The New Gurlitt, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	5 Maconchy	Sad Story	Five by Ten, Grade 1 (Lengnick)
	6 Trad. Welsh	David of the White Rock, arr. Barratt	In the Limelight (Chester) <i>or</i> Chester's Easiest Songs of the British Isles (Chester)
<b>C</b>	1 Rob Hall	Asian Tiger Prowl	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	2 Khachaturian	Skipping Rope (No.1 from <i>Children's Album</i> , Book 2)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	3 Trad. American	When the saints go marching in, arr. Bartels	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 1 (ABRSM)
	4 Paul Drayton	Chatterbox Charlie	Piano Time Dance (OUP)
	5 Eben	The Huntsman and the Maidens	Eben: Hands Together – 52 Czech Folk-tunes (Faber)
	6 Simone Plé	La petite troupe	Simone Plé: Les chants et les jeux (Lemoine)

**SCALES AND BROKEN CHORDS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES</b>		
C, G, D, F majors	2 oct.	hands separately (LH may be played descending and ascending at candidate's choice)
A, D minors (natural <i>or</i> harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)		
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALE</b>		
C major	1 oct.	hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<b>BROKEN CHORDS</b>		
C, G, F majors		hands separately, as pattern below:
A, D minors		



**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 29

## GRADE 2

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, **A**, **B** and **C**:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 Attwood	Allegretto (1st movt from <i>Sonatina No. 3 in F</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	2 Mozart	Ein Mädchen oder Weibchen, arr. Norton	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	3 Susato	La Mourisque, arr. White	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	4 J. Clarke	The Prince of Denmark's March	Encore, Book 1 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> Baroque Keyboard Pieces, Book 1 (ABRSM)
	5 L. Mozart	Polonaise in C	P. 14 from L. Mozart: <i>Notenbuch für Wolfgang</i> (Schott)
	6 Telemann	Dolce (from <i>Fantasia No. 4 in G</i> )	Keynotes, Grades 1–2 (Faber)
<b>B</b>	1 Reinecke	Song (2nd movt from <i>Serenade</i> , Op. 183 No. 1)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	2 Smetana	Waltz in G (No. 2 from <i>Poklad melodií</i> , Vol. 2)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	3 S. Wilson	The Stowaway (No. 7 from <i>Ship Ahoy!</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	4 Bortkiewicz	Through the Desert	Romantic Piano Anthology, Vol. 1 (Schott)
	5 Gedike	Petite pièce, Op. 6 No. 11	Russian Music for Piano, Book 1 (Chester)
	6 Holst	Jupiter (from <i>The Planets</i> , Op. 32), arr. Benziger	Piano Mix 2 (ABRSM)
<b>C</b>	1 Trad. Scottish	The Piper o' Dundee, arr. Michael	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	2 Prokofiev	The Cat (from <i>Peter and the Wolf</i> , Op. 67), arr. Blackwell	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	3 Schmitz	Gospel Flair (No. 43 from <i>Mini Jazz</i> , Vol. 1)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 2 (ABRSM)
	4 Eben	The Goose-girl in Winter	Eben: <i>Hands Together – 52 Czech Folk-tunes</i> (Faber)
	5 Simone Plé	La poule dans le jardin	Simone Plé: <i>Les chants et les jeux</i> (Lemoine)
	6 Sarah Watts	Rock Pools	Sarah Watts: <i>Jazz Stix</i> , Book 1 (Mayhew) <i>or</i> Sarah Watts: <i>Razzamajazz Repertoire Piano</i> (Mayhew)

**SCALES, ARPEGGIOS AND BROKEN CHORDS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
G, D, A, F majors		
E, D, G minors (natural <i>or</i> harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	2 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
C, E majors	2 oct.	hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<b>CHROMATIC SCALE</b>		
beginning on D	1 oct.	hands separately
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
G, D, A majors		
D, G minors	2 oct.	hands separately
<b>BROKEN CHORDS</b>		
F major		
E minor	2 oct.	hands separately, as pattern below:



## GRADE 3

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 Handel	Sonatina in G, HWV 582	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	2 Mozart	Romanze (2nd movt from <i>Eine kleine Nachtmusik</i> , K. 525), arr. Virgo	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	3 Beethoven	German Dance in B♭ (No. 6 from <i>12 German Dances</i> , WoO 13)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	4 J. S. Bach	Bourrée (5th movt from <i>Overture in F</i> , BWV 820)	Baroque Keyboard Pieces, Book 1 (ABRSM) or A Keyboard Anthology, 2nd Series, Book 1 (ABRSM)
	5 Mozart	Menuett in F	No. 42 from L. Mozart: Notebook for Nannerl (Schott) or No. 2 from Mozart: Easy Piano Pieces and Dances (Bärenreiter)
	6 Trad. English	Staines Morris, arr. Carson Turner	English Folk Tunes for Piano (Schott)
<b>B</b>	1 Dibdin	Tom Bowling, arr. McNamara	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	2 Hiller	Polnisches Lied (No. 18 from <i>Leichte Lieder und Tänze</i> , Op. 117)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	3 Tchaikovsky	Marche des soldats de bois (No. 5 from <i>Album pour enfants</i> , Op. 39)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	4 Burgmüller	Angelic Harmony (No. 21 from <i>25 Easy and Progressive Studies</i> , Op. 100)	Burgmüller: 25 Easy and Progressive Studies, Op. 100 (ABRSM)
	5 Carroll	Dwarfs of the Mist (No. 8 from <i>Forest Fantasies</i> )	Carroll: Forest Fantasies (Forsyth)
	6 Saint-Saëns	L'éléphant, arr. Heumann	Encore, Book 2 (ABRSM)
<b>C</b>	1 Kabalevsky	Clowns (No. 20 from <i>24 Easy Pieces</i> , Op. 39)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	2 Rakov	Der Tag ist vergangen (No. 24 from <i>Aus Jugendtagen</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	3 Nicholas Scott-Burt	Attitude!	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 3 (ABRSM)
	4 Hywel Davies	Adieu	Folk Roots for Piano (Boosey & Hawkes)
	5 Trad. Spiritual	Swing low, sweet chariot, arr. Richards	Piano Mix 3 (ABRSM)
	6 Sarah Watts	Curtain Call	Sarah Watts: Shades of Blue (Mayhew) or Sarah Watts: Razzamajazz Repertoire Piano (Mayhew)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
A, E, B, B $\flat$ , E $\flat$ majors	2 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
B, G, C minors (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)		
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
A major	2 oct.	hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
A harmonic minor		
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES</b>		
beginning on A $\flat$	2 oct.	hands separately
beginning on C		
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
A major	2 oct.	hands together
G minor		
E, B, B $\flat$ , E $\flat$ majors	2 oct.	hands separately
B, C minors		

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 30

## GRADE 4

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, **A**, **B** and **C**:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 Haydn	Minuet and Trio (2nd movt from <i>Sonata in Ab</i> , Hob. XVI:43)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	2 J. L. Krebs	Praeambulum supra Jesu, meine Freude, KVV 502	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	3 Vanhal	Allegretto (2nd movt from <i>Sonatina in A</i> , Op. 41 No.12)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	4 Clementi	Allegretto (1st movt from <i>Sonatina in G</i> , Op. 36 No.2)	Encore, Book 2 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> Clementi: Sonatinas, Op.36, 37, 38 (ABRSM)
	5 Kirchhoff	Courante	Piano Lessons, Book 2 (Faber)
	6 Kuhlau	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Sonatina in C</i> , Op.55 No.1)	Kuhlau: Sonatinas, Vol. 1 (Peters) <i>or</i> Das neue Sonatinenbuch, Vol. 1 (Schott)
<b>B</b>	1 H. Hofmann	Scherzo (No. 7 from <i>Skizzen</i> , Op.77)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	2 Schumann	Fröhlicher Landmann (No.10 from <i>Album für die Jugend</i> , Op.68)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	3 Žilinskis	Waltz in A	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	4 Gurlitt	Klage (No.18 from <i>24 melodische Etüden</i> , Op.201)	Gurlitt: 24 melodische Etüden, Op.201 (Zen-On)
	5 George Nevada	Ninette's Musette (No.5 from <i>Romantic Impressions</i> )	George Nevada: Romantic Impressions (Schott) <i>or</i> Waltzes – 48 Original Piano Pieces (Schott)
	6 Tchaikovsky	Mazurka (No.10 from <i>Album for the Young</i> , Op.39)	No.11 from Tchaikovsky: Album for the Young, Op.39 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> A Keyboard Anthology, 2nd Series, Book 1 (ABRSM)
<b>C</b>	1 Bjelinski	Uzbuna (from <i>Na velikom brodu</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	2 Ben Crosland	Bow-Chicka-Wow-Wow (No.7 from <i>Cool Beans!</i> , Vol. 2)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	3 Trad. Russian	Black Eyes, arr. Hayward	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 4 (ABRSM)
	4 Kabalevsky	In the Gymnasium (No.3 from <i>Four Little Pieces</i> , Op.14)	Kabalevsky: Easy Piano Compositions (Boosey & Hawkes)
	5 R. Lane	The Penguin (No.3 from <i>Talent Night at the Zoo</i> )	R. Lane: Talent Night at the Zoo (Editions BIM)
	6 Elissa Milne	Foreign Correspondent (from <i>Pepperbox Jazz</i> , Book 2)	Elissa Milne: Pepperbox Jazz, Book 2 (Faber)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
B, B $\flat$ , E $\flat$ , A $\flat$ , D $\flat$ majors C $\sharp$ , G $\sharp$ , C, F minors (harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	2 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
F, E $\flat$ majors D, C harmonic minors	2 oct.	hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES</b>		
beginning on any black note named by the examiner	2 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
B, B $\flat$ , E $\flat$ , A $\flat$ , D $\flat$ majors C $\sharp$ , G $\sharp$ , C, F minors	2 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 30

## GRADE 5

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, **A**, **B** and **C**:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 Purcell	Prelude (1st movt from <i>Suite No. 5 in C, Z. 666</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	2 Seixas	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Tocatta No. 8 in F</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	3 Weber	Waltz in A, J.146	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	4 J. S. Bach	Prelude in E minor, BWV 938	J. S. Bach: A Little Keyboard Book (ABRSM) <i>or</i> J. S. Bach: 18 Little Preludes (ABRSM)
	5 Mozart	Allegretto	No.12 from Mozart: 12 petites pièces (1st Set) (Edition HH)
	6 D. Scarlatti	Sonata in A, Kp. 323, L. 95	Scarlatti: 12 Sonatas (ABRSM) <i>or</i> Scarlatti: 3 Sonatas for Keyboard (Bärenreiter)
<b>B</b>	1 Chopin	Sostenuto in Eb, KK IVb No.10	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	2 Maykapar	Tarantella (No.6 from <i>Miniatures</i> , Op.33)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	3 Vaughan Williams	Slow Air (No. 4 from <i>The Charterhouse Suite</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	4 A. Beach	The Returning Hunter (No. 2 from <i>Eskimos</i> , Op.64)	Beyond the Romantic Spirit, Book 1 (Alfred)
	5 Gedike	Miniature in D minor, Op. 8 No. 2	Encore, Book 3 (ABRSM)
	6 Grieg	Waltz in E minor, Op. 38 No. 7	Grieg: 38 Pianoforte Pieces, Book 1 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> A Keyboard Anthology, 2nd Series, Book 2 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> Waltzes – 48 Original Piano Pieces (Schott)
<b>C</b>	1 Tan Dun	Staccato Beans (No.2 from <i>Eight Memories in Watercolor</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	2 Shostakovich	Gavotte (No.2 from <i>Dances of the Dolls</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	3 Stephen J. Wood	Cool (No.1 from <i>Sketches for Piano</i> , Book 2)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 5 (ABRSM)
	4 Gershwin	Summertime (from <i>Porgy and Bess</i> ), arr. Harris	The Essential Jazz Collection (Faber)
	5 Nikki Iles	Up on the Hill	Jazz in Springtime (OUP)
	6 Kabalevsky	Novelette (No.25 from <i>30 Children's Pieces</i> , Op.27)	Kabalevsky: 30 Children's Pieces, Op.27 (Boosey & Hawkes) <i>or</i> P.34 from Kabalevsky: Easy Piano Compositions (Boosey & Hawkes)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
all keys, major and minor (minors harmonic <i>or</i> melodic, at candidate's choice)	3 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
<i>Group 1 or Group 2 at candidate's choice</i> <i>Group 1:</i> F, D $\flat$ /C $\sharp$ majors and harmonic minors <i>Group 2:</i> F $\sharp$ , B $\flat$ majors and harmonic minors	2 oct.	hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES</b>		
beginning on any note named by the examiner	3 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CHROMATIC CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
beginning on D beginning on A $\flat$	2 oct.	hands beginning on the stated note (unison)
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
all keys, major and minor	3 oct.	hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 31

## GRADE 6

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any solo Jazz subject. For alternatives, see [www.abrsm.org/prerequisite](http://www.abrsm.org/prerequisite).

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 J. S. Bach	Invention in A minor, BWV 784	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	2 Handel	Courante (3rd movt from <i>Partita in C minor</i> , HWV 444)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	3 Mozart	Rondo (3rd movt from <i>Sonata in C</i> , K. 545)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	4 J. S. Bach	Andante (3rd movt from <i>Pastorella in F</i> , BWV 590), trans. Whittaker	Bach: Transcriptions for Piano (OUP)
	5 Beethoven	Andante (1st movt from <i>Sonata in G minor</i> , Op. 49 No.1)	Beethoven: Sonata in G minor, Op. 49 No.1 (ABRSM) <i>or</i> Beethoven: The 35 Piano Sonatas, Vol. 1 (ABRSM)
	6 D. Scarlatti	Sonata in F, Kp. 378, L. 276	Scarlatti: 3 Sonatas for Keyboard (Bärenreiter) <i>or</i> Scarlatti: 200 Sonatas, Vol. 3 (Editio Musica Budapest)
<b>B</b>	1 Gade	Scherzo (No. 2 from <i>Akvareller</i> , Op.19)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	2 O. Merikanto	Valse lente, Op. 33	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	3 Skryabin	Prelude in E (No. 9 from <i>24 Preludes</i> , Op.11)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	4 Cervantes	Los tres golpes	Beyond the Romantic Spirit, Book 1 (Alfred)
	5 Hummel	Andantino in A $\flat$ (No. 57 from <i>Klavierschule</i> )	Hummel: 16 Short Pieces (ABRSM)
	6 Martinů	Pohádka (No. 4 from <i>Loutky</i> , Book 1)	Martinů: Loutky, Book 1 (Bärenreiter) <i>or</i> Martinů: Loutky, Books 1–3 (Bärenreiter)
<b>C</b>	1 Bartók	Joc cu bâță (No. 1 from <i>Román népi táncok</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	2 Mel Leven	Cruella de Vil (from <i>The 101 Dalmations</i> ), arr. Churchill	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	3 Karen Tanaka	Masquerade	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 6 (ABRSM)
	4 Mike Cornick	Modulations (from <i>Blue Piano</i> )	Mike Cornick: Blue Piano (Universal) <i>or</i> Encore, Book 3 (ABRSM)
	5 Dello Joio	Moderate (1st movt from <i>Suite for Piano</i> )	Dello Joio: Suite for Piano (G. Schirmer) <i>or</i> 20th Century American Composers – Upper Intermediate Level (G. Schirmer)
	6 Khachaturian	Study (No. 5 from <i>Pictures of Childhood</i> )	Khachaturian: Pictures of Childhood (Boosey & Hawkes)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
all keys, major and minor (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>STACCATO SCALES</b>		
<i>Group 1 or Group 2 at candidate's choice</i>	4 oct.	staccato; hands separately
<i>Group 1:</i> A, E♭ majors		
<i>Group 2:</i> E, B♭ majors		
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
<i>Same group as chosen above</i>	2 oct.	legato; hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<i>Group 1:</i> A, E♭ majors and harmonic minors		
<i>Group 2:</i> E, B♭ majors and harmonic minors		
<b>STACCATO SCALE IN THIRDS</b>		
C major	2 oct.	staccato; hands separately
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES</b>		
beginning on any note named by the examiner	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CHROMATIC CONTRARY-MOTION SCALE</b>		
beginning on A♯ (LH) and C♯ (RH)	2 oct.	legato; hands beginning a minor third apart
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
all keys, major and minor	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>DIMINISHED SEVENTHS</b>		
beginning on B beginning on C♯	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 31

## GRADE 7

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any solo Jazz subject. For alternatives, see [www.abrsm.org/prerequisite](http://www.abrsm.org/prerequisite).

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
<b>A</b>	1 Clementi	Allegro assai (2nd movt from <i>Sonata in G</i> , Op.1 No.2)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	2 Haydn	Presto (3rd movt from <i>Sonata in F</i> , Hob. XVI:23)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	3 D. Scarlatti	Sonata in B minor, Kp.377, L.263	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	4 J. S. Bach	Fugue in C, BWV 953	J. S. Bach: A Little Keyboard Book (ABRSM)
	5 Fasch	Presto (3rd movt from <i>Sonata No. 5 in F</i> )	Fasch: Sonata No. 5 in F (Edition HH)
	6 John Loeillet	Giga	Encore, Book 4 (ABRSM)
<b>B</b>	1 Chopin	Nocturne in C# minor, Op. posth., KK IVa No.16	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	2 Wanghua Chu	Love Song (No.1 from <i>Two Folksongs</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	3 Backer Grøndahl	Sommervise (No. 3 from <i>Fantasistykker</i> , Op. 45)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	4 A. Beach	Scottish Legend, Op. 54 No.1	At the Piano with Women Composers (Alfred)
	5 Poulenc	Nocturne No.8	Poulenc: Nocturnes (Heugel)
	6 Schubert	No.1 (from <i>Moments musicaux</i> , Op.94, D. 780)	Schubert: Moments musicaux, D. 780 (ABRSM)
<b>C</b>	1 Ravel	Valse (No.5 from <i>Valses nobles et sentimentales</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	2 Christopher Norton	Forcing the Pace (No. 7 from <i>Rock Preludes 2</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	3 Absil	Humoresque (No.3 from <i>Humoresques</i> , Op.126)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 7 (ABRSM)
	4 Bonsor	Willie Wagglestick's Walkabout (No. 4 from <i>Jazzy Piano 2</i> )	Encore, Book 4 (ABRSM) or Jazzy Piano 2 (Universal)
	5 Dello Joio	Bright (2nd movt from <i>Suite for Piano</i> )	Dello Joio: Suite for Piano (G. Schirmer) or 20th Century American Composers - Upper Intermediate Level (G. Schirmer)
	6 Dave Grusin	Ray's Blues <i>no improvisation</i>	The Firm (Piano Solo) (Famous Music)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
<i>Group 1 or Group 2 at candidate's choice</i>		
<i>Group 1:</i> C, D, E, F $\sharp$ , B $\flat$ , A $\flat$ /G $\sharp$ majors & minors	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<i>Group 2:</i> G, A, B, F, E $\flat$ , D $\flat$ /C $\sharp$ majors & minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)		
<b>SCALES A THIRD APART</b>		
<i>Same group as chosen above</i> (majors and harmonic minors only)	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands together
<b>CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
<i>Same group as chosen above</i> (majors and harmonic minors only)	2 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands beginning on the tonic (unison)
<b>LEGATO SCALE IN THIRDS</b>		
C major	2 oct.	legato; hands separately
<b>STACCATO SCALE IN SIXTHS</b>		
C major	2 oct.	staccato; hands separately
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES</b>		
beginning on any note named by the examiner	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>CHROMATIC CONTRARY-MOTION SCALES</b>		
beginning on C	2 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands beginning on the stated note (unison)
beginning on F $\sharp$		
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
<i>Same group as chosen above</i>	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, in root position <i>or</i> first inversion, as directed by the examiner
<b>DOMINANT SEVENTHS</b>		
<i>Same group as chosen above</i>	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<i>Group 1:</i> in the keys of C, D, E, F $\sharp$ , B $\flat$ , A $\flat$		
<i>Group 2:</i> in the keys of G, A, B, F, E $\flat$ , D $\flat$		
<b>DIMINISHED SEVENTHS</b>		
beginning on A	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
beginning on C $\sharp$		

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 32

## GRADE 8

**PREREQUISITE FOR ENTRY:** ABRSM Grade 5 (or above) in Music Theory, Practical Musicianship or any solo Jazz subject. For alternatives, see [www.abrsm.org/prerequisite](http://www.abrsm.org/prerequisite).

**THREE PIECES:** one chosen by the candidate from each of the three Lists, A, B and C:

	COMPOSER	PIECE / WORK / ARRANGER	PUBLICATION (PUBLISHER)
A	1 J. S. Bach	Gigue (7th movt from <i>French Suite No. 5 in G</i> , BWV 816)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	2 Handel	Fugue in B $\flat$ , HWV 607	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	3 R. Shchedrin	Prelude and Fugue in A minor	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	4 J. S. Bach	Prelude and Fugue in D minor, BWV 875	J. S. Bach: The Well-Tempered Clavier, Part 2 (ABRSM)
	5 Hindemith	Interludium and Fuga decima in D $\flat$ (from <i>Ludus Tonalis</i> )	P. 45 from Hindemith: <i>Ludus Tonalis</i> (Schott) or P. 44 from Hindemith: <i>Ludus Tonalis</i> (Wiener Urtext)
	6 Lekeu	Fughetta (from <i>Sonata for Piano</i> )	French Romantic Repertoire, Level 2 (Faber)
	7 Reicha	Fugue No.1 (from <i>36 Fugues</i> , Op. 36)	Reicha: Fugue No.1 from 36 Fugues, Op. 36 (Bärenreiter)
	8 D. Scarlatti	Sonata in E, Kp.162, L. 21	Scarlatti: 3 Sonatas for Keyboard (Bärenreiter) or The Scholar's Scarlatti, Vol. 3 (Novello)
B	1 Beethoven	Rondo (3rd movt from <i>Sonata in E</i> , Op. 14 No.1)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	2 Mozart	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Sonata in C</i> , K. 279)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	3 Haydn	Presto (1st movt from <i>Sonata in E minor</i> , Hob. XVI:34)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	4 C. P. E. Bach	Allegro (3rd movt from <i>Sonata in A</i> , Wq. 55/4)	No. 5 from C. P. E. Bach: Piano Works, Vol. 1 (Universal)
	5 Beethoven	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Sonata in F minor</i> , Op. 2 No.1)	Beethoven: Sonata in F minor, Op. 2 No.1 (ABRSM) or Beethoven: The 35 Piano Sonatas, Vol. 1 (ABRSM) or Encore, Book 4 (ABRSM)
	6 Cramer	Largo assai-Allegro agitato (1st movt from <i>Sonata in C</i> , Op. 22 No. 2)	Cramer: Sonata in C, Op. 22 No. 2 (Edition HH)
	7 Mozart	Allegro in B $\flat$ , K. 400	Mozart: Mature Piano Pieces (ABRSM)
	8 Zinck	Allegro con brio (1st movt from <i>Sonata No. 8 in G minor</i> )	Zinck: Sonata No. 8 in G minor (Edition HH)
C	1 Miguel Astor	Adriana (No.1 from <i>Valses venezolanos</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	2 Brahms	Intermezzo in A minor (No. 7 from <i>Clavierstücke</i> , Op. 76) <i>observing repeats</i>	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	3 Peixun Chen	Selling Sundry Goods	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	4 Copland	Jazzy (No. 3 from <i>Three Moods</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	5 Debussy	Doctor Gradus ad Parnassum (No. 1 from <i>Children's Corner</i> )	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	6 Larsson	Allegro (1st movt from <i>Sonatina No. 3</i> , Op. 41)	Piano Exam Pieces 2017 & 2018, Grade 8 (ABRSM)
	7 Berkeley	Prelude No. 5 (from <i>Six Preludes</i> , Op. 23)	Berkeley: Six Preludes for Piano (Chester)
	8 Chopin	Mazurka in A $\flat$ , Op. 59 No. 2	Chopin: Mazurkas (Henle or ABRSM)
	9 Gershwin	Liza	Meet George Gershwin at the Keyboard (Faber)
	10 Medtner	Idylle (No.1 from <i>Three Arabesques</i> , Op. 7)	Medtner: Three Arabesques, Op. 7 (Simrock)
	11 Mendelssohn	Song without Words, Op. 67 No. 4	Mendelssohn: Songs without Words (ABRSM)
	12 Paderewski	Nocturne, Op. 16 No. 4	Paderewski: Nocturne Op. 16 No. 4 (Willis) or The Most Beautiful Paderewski (PWM)
	13 Poulenc	Improvisation No. 7	Poulenc: 15 Improvisations (Salabert)
	14 Rachmaninov	Daisies	Rachmaninov: Piano Compositions, Vol. 2 (Boosey & Hawkes)
	15 Ravel	Menuet (No. 5 from <i>Le tombeau de Couperin</i> )	Ravel: Le tombeau de Couperin (Peters or Durand)
	16 Edwin Roxburgh	Moonscape	Spectrum (ABRSM)

**SCALES AND ARPEGGIOS:** from memory; for further details see page 10

	RANGE	REQUIREMENTS
<b>SCALES (SIMILAR MOTION)</b>		
C, D, B, F#, F, Eb, Ab/G#, Db/C# majors & minors (minors harmonic <i>and</i> melodic)	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>SCALES A THIRD APART</b>		
<i>Keys as above</i> (majors and harmonic minors only)	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands together
<b>SCALES A SIXTH APART</b>		
<i>Keys as above</i> (majors and harmonic minors only)	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands together
<b>LEGATO SCALES IN THIRDS</b>		
C and B $\flat$ majors	2 oct.	legato; hands separately
<b>CHROMATIC SCALES A MINOR THIRD APART</b>		
beginning on any notes named by the examiner	4 oct.	legato <i>or</i> staccato, as directed by the examiner; hands together
<b>CHROMATIC SCALE IN MINOR THIRDS</b>		
beginning on A#/C#	2 oct.	legato; hands separately
<b>WHOLE-TONE SCALE</b>		
beginning on E	2 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>ARPEGGIOS</b>		
<i>Keys as for scales (similar motion) above</i>	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, in root position, first <i>or</i> second inversions, as directed by the examiner
<b>DOMINANT SEVENTHS</b>		
in the keys of C, D, B, F#, F, Eb, Ab, D $\flat$	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner
<b>DIMINISHED SEVENTHS</b>		
beginning on any note named by the examiner	4 oct.	legato; hands together <i>or</i> separately, as directed by the examiner

**SIGHT-READING:** a short piece of previously unseen music; for further details see page 11

**AURAL TESTS:** administered by the examiner from the piano; for further details see pages 28 & 33

## **AURAL TESTS:** included in the Practical exams for all subjects

Listening lies at the heart of all good music-making. Developing aural awareness is fundamental to musical training because having a ‘musical ear’ impacts on all aspects of musicianship. Singing, both silently in the head and out loud, is one of the best ways to develop the ‘musical ear’. It connects the internal imagining of sound, the ‘inner ear’, with the external creation of it, without the necessity of mechanically having to ‘find the note’ on an instrument (important though that connection is). By integrating aural activities in imaginative ways in the lesson, preparation for the aural tests within an exam will be a natural extension of what is already an essential part of the learning experience.

### **In the exam**

Aural tests are an integral part of all Practical graded exams.

The tests are administered by the examiner from the piano. For any test that requires a sung response, pitch rather than vocal quality is the object. The examiner will be happy to adapt to the vocal range of the candidate, whose responses may be sung to any vowel (or consonant followed by a vowel), hummed or whistled (and at a different octave, if appropriate).

### **Assessment**

A number of tests allow for a second attempt or for an additional playing by the examiner, if necessary. Also, where there is hesitation on the part of the candidate, the examiner will be ready to prompt, if necessary. In any such cases, this will affect the assessment.

Marks are not awarded for each individual test nor deducted for mistakes but reflect the candidate’s overall response in this section. The marking criteria for the aural tests are given on p. 41.

### **Specimen tests**

Examples of the tests are given in *Specimen Aural Tests* and *Aural Training in Practice* (from 2011), available for purchase from music retailers and from [www.abrsm.org/shop](http://www.abrsm.org/shop).

### **Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates**

Deaf or hearing-impaired candidates may opt to respond to alternative tests in place of the standard tests, if requested at the time of entry. Further information, including the syllabus for the alternative tests, is available at [www.abrsm.org/specificneeds](http://www.abrsm.org/specificneeds).

## Aural Tests GRADE 1

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time.** The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- B To sing as ‘echoes’ three phrases played by the examiner.** The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic–mediant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify where a change in pitch occurs during a phrase played by the examiner.** The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key, and the change will affect only one of the notes. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should state whether the change was near the beginning or near the end. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this will affect the assessment).
- D To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes); the second will be articulation (smooth/detached).

## Aural Tests GRADE 2

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time or three time.** The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time or three time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- B To sing as ‘echoes’ three phrases played by the examiner.** The phrases will be two bars long, in a major key, and within the range of tonic–dominant. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note (the tonic) and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner.** The phrase will be two bars long, in a major key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this will affect the assessment).
- D To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached); the second will be tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same).

## Aural Tests GRADE 3

- A To clap the pulse of a piece played by the examiner, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time.** The examiner will start playing the passage, and the candidate should join in as soon as possible, clapping in time and giving a louder clap on the strong beats. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.
- B To sing as ‘echoes’ three phrases played by the examiner.** The phrases will be two bars long, in a major or minor key, and within the range of an octave. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. After the examiner has played each phrase, the candidate should sing back the echo without a pause, keeping in time.
- C To identify a change in either pitch or rhythm during a phrase played by the examiner.** The phrase will be up to four bars long, in a major or minor key. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the tonic and then count in two bars. The examiner will play the phrase twice, making the change in the second playing, after which the candidate should identify the change by describing it, or singing/clapping. If necessary, the examiner will play both versions of the phrase again (although this will affect the assessment).
- D To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics (loud/quiet, or sudden/gradual changes), articulation (smooth/detached), tempo (becoming slower/faster, or staying the same); the second will be tonality (major/minor key).

## Aural Tests GRADE 4

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner.** The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- B To sing five notes from score in free time.** The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a third above and below the tonic in the key of C, F or G major. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- C(i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality; the second will be character.
- (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time.** The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonized), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

## Aural Tests GRADE 5

- A To sing or play from memory a melody played twice by the examiner.** The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the melody again and allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- B To sing six notes from score in free time.** The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The notes will be within the range of a fifth above and a fourth below the tonic, in a major key with up to two sharps or flats. The test will begin and end on the tonic and will not contain intervals greater than a third, except for the rising fourth from dominant to tonic. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note. If necessary, the examiner will help the candidate by playing and identifying the correct note if any note is sung at the wrong pitch.
- C(i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character; the second will be style and period.
- (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time.** The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonized), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

## Aural Tests GRADE 6

- A To sing or play from memory the *upper* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner.** The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- B To sing a melody from score, with an accompaniment played by the examiner.** The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The melody will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- C To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect or imperfect.** The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
- D(i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two features the questions will be about. The first will be: texture or structure; the second will be *one* of the following: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture/structure.
- (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time or four time.** The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonized), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time or four time. The candidate is *not* required to state the time signature.

- A To sing or play from memory the *lower* part of a two-part phrase played twice by the examiner.** The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- B To sing the *upper* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the lower part played by the examiner.** The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The upper part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- C(i) To identify the cadence at the end of a phrase as perfect, imperfect or interrupted.** The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be in root position. Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
- (ii) To identify the two chords forming the above cadence.** The chords will be limited to the tonic, subdominant, dominant, dominant seventh or submediant (all in root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the two chords as a pair. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, dominant, etc.), chord numbers (I, V, etc.) or letter names (C major, G major, etc.).
- (iii) To identify whether the modulation at the end of a different passage is to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor.** The passage, played once by the examiner, will begin in a major key. First the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant, subdominant, relative minor) or the letter name of the new key.
- D(i) To answer questions about two features of a piece played by the examiner.** Before playing, the examiner will tell the candidate which two of the following features the questions will be about: dynamics, articulation, tempo, tonality, character, style and period, texture, structure.
- (ii) To clap the rhythm of the notes in an extract from the same piece, and to identify whether it is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time.** The examiner will play the extract twice (unharmonized), after which the candidate should clap back the rhythm. The examiner will then ask whether the music is in two time, three time, four time or 6/8 time.

- A(i) To sing or play from memory the *lowest* part of a three-part phrase played twice by the examiner.** The lowest part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to three sharps or flats. First the examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note and then count in two bars. (If the candidate chooses to play, the examiner will also name the key-chord and the starting note, as appropriate for the instrument.) If necessary, the examiner will play the phrase again and allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- (ii) To identify the cadence at the end of a continuing phrase as perfect, imperfect, interrupted or plagal.** The phrase will be in a major or minor key and will be played twice by the examiner. The chords forming the cadence will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). Before the first playing, the examiner will play the key-chord.
- (iii) To identify the three chords (including their positions) forming the above cadential progression.** The chords will be limited to the tonic (root position, first or second inversions), supertonic (root position or first inversion), subdominant (root position), dominant (root position, first or second inversions), dominant seventh (root position) or submediant (root position). First the examiner will name and play the key-chord, then play the three chords in sequence, finally playing each chord individually, pausing for the candidate to identify it. The candidate may answer using technical names (tonic, first inversion, etc.), chord numbers (Ib, etc.) or letter names (C major in first inversion, etc.).
- B To sing the *lower* part of a two-part phrase from score, with the upper part played by the examiner.** The candidate may choose to sing from treble or bass clef. The lower part will be within the range of an octave, in a major or minor key with up to four sharps or flats. First the examiner will name and play the key-chord and the starting note and then give the pulse. A brief period of preparation will follow during which the candidate may sing out loud. The examiner will play the key-chord and the starting note again and then count in two bars. If necessary, the examiner will allow a second attempt (although this will affect the assessment).
- C To identify whether the modulations at the end of two different passages are to the dominant, subdominant or relative minor/major.** The first passage will begin in a major key and the second will begin in a minor key; each passage will be played once by the examiner. Before playing each passage, the examiner will name and play the starting key-chord. The candidate may answer using technical names (dominant\*, subdominant, relative minor/major) or the letter name of the new key. (\* Minor-key passages may modulate to the dominant major or minor but the candidate is only required to specify 'dominant' in such cases.)
- D To describe the characteristic features of a piece played by the examiner.** After hearing the piece, the candidate should describe any notable features (such as texture, structure, character, style and period, etc.). The examiner will prompt the candidate with questions only if this becomes necessary.